Curriculum	Content Map	
Carricalani	Content Map	

Subject: Biology

Year group: 12

TERM 1		TERM 2	TERM 3	
Unit title & description	Topic 1: Lifestyle, Health and Risk Topic 2: Genes and Health	Topic 3: Voice of the Genome	Topic 4: Biodiversity and Natural Resources	
Knowledge	Topic 1 Cardiovascular disease, risks and treatments Circulation and cardiac cycle Blood vessels Atherosclerosis Blood-clotting Structure of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins Saturated and unsaturated lipids High and low density lipoproteins Topic 2 Properties of gas exchange surfaces Diffusion Cell membrane Osmosis Active transport Structure of mononucleotides Process of protein synthesis Genetic code Structure of amino acids Structure of proteins Enzymes DNA replication Meselson and Stahl's classic experiment Mutations Genetics Genetics Genetics Genetic screening	 Eukaryotic cells and organelles Prokaryotic cells Looking at cells and organelles Cell organisation The cell cycle and mitosis Gametes and fertilisation Meiosis and inheritance Cell differentiation and gene expression Stem cells in medicine Variation 	 Biodiversity and endemism Adaptation and evolution The Hardy-Weinberg principle Classification Conservation of Biodiversity Plant cells structure Plant stems Starch, Cellulose and Plant Fibres Sustainability and pant minerals Drugs from plants and drug testing 	
Skills	CORE PRACTICAL 1: Investigate the effect of caffeine on heart rate in <i>Daphnia</i> . CORE PRACTICAL 2:	CORE PRACTICAL 5: Prepare and stain a root tip squash to observe the stages of mitosis.	CORE PRACTICAL 6: Identify sclerenchyma fibres, phloem sieve tubes and xylem vessels and their location within stems through a light microscope.	

		Investigate the vitamin C content of food and drink. CORE PRACTICAL 3: Investigate membrane structure, including the effect of alcohol concentration or temperature on membrane permeability. CORE PRACTICAL 4: Investigate the effect of enzyme and substrate concentrations on the initial rates of reactions. Safely use instruments for dissection of an animal or plant organ use appropriate apparatus to record a range of quantitative measurements (to include mass, time, volume, temperature, length and pH) use of light microscope at high power and low power, including use of a graticule use laboratory glassware apparatus	 Produce scientific drawing from observation with annotations Safely use instruments for dissection of an animal or plant organ 	CORE PRACTICAL 7: Investigate plant mineral deficiencies. CORE PRACTICAL 8: Determine the tensile strength of plant fibres. CORE PRACTICAL 9: Investigate the antimicrobial properties of plants, including aseptic techniques for the safe handling of bacteria. Safely use instruments for dissection of an animal or plant organ Use microbiological aseptic techniques, including the use of agar plates and broth
Literacy		for a variety of experimental techniques to include serial dilutions Know the meaning of the terms: gene, allele, genotype, phenotype, recessive, dominant, incomplete dominance, homozygote and heterozygote. Evaluate the design of studies used to determine health risk factors, including sample selection and sample size used to collect data that is both valid and reliable.	Understand what is meant by the terms 'stem cell, pluripotency and totipotency'. Use online and offline research skills including websites, textbooks and other printed scientific sources of information • correctly cite sources of information	Be able to evaluate the methods used by zoos and seed banks in the conservation of endangered species and their genetic diversity, including scientific research, captive breeding programmes, reintroduction programmes and education.
_	X 🖶	 Recognise and make use of appropriate Use an appropriate number of significa Recognise and use expressions in decin Use ratios, fractions and percentages. Estimate results Use calculators to find and use power, 	nt figures nal and standard form	

	 Understand simple probability Understand the principles of sampling at the understand the terms mean, median at the use a scatter diagram to identify a correst of magnitude calculations. Select and use a statistical test (Chi squastident's t-test and the correlation coest understand measures of dispersion, includentify uncertainties in measurements. Change the subject of an equation. Substitute numerical values into algebration use logarithms in relation to quantities. Translate information between graphical plot two variables from experimental of understand that y = mx + c represents at the understand that y = mx + c represents at th	nd mode elation between two variables ared test to test the significance of the difference efficient) cluding standard deviation and range is and use simple techniques to determine uncert raic equations using appropriate units for physical that range over several orders of magnitude rail, numerical and algebraic forms r other data a linear relationship showing a linear relationship a curve as a measure of rate of change areas and volumes of regular shapes (circumference)	ainty when data are combined
Enrichment learning	Know how factors such as genetics, diet, age, gender, high blood pressure, smoking and inactivity increase the risk of cardiovascular disease (CVD).	Stem cell research	Understand the process and importance of critical evaluation of new data by the scientific community, which leads to new taxonomic groupings, including the three domains of life based on molecular phylogeny, which are Bacteria, Archaea, Eukaryota.
British values	Be able discuss the potential ethical issues regarding the use of invertebrates in research. Be able to identify and discuss the social and ethical issues related to genetic screening from a range of ethical viewpoints. Safely and ethically use organisms to measure: • plant or animal responses • physiological functions	Be able to discuss the way society uses scientific knowledge to make decisions about the use of stem cells in medical therapies.	Know that over time the variety of life has become extensive but is now being threatened by human activity.

	Cognitive	Interpersonal	Intrapersonal	
Personal Development	 Non-routine problem solving – expert thinking, metacognition, creativity. Systems thinking – decision making and reasoning. Critical thinking – definitions of critical thinking are broad and usually involve general cognitive skills such as analysing, synthesising and reasoning skills. ICT literacy – access, manage, integrate, evaluate, construct and communicate. 	 Communication – active listening, oral communication, written communication, assertive communication and non-verbal communication. Relationship-building skills – teamwork, trust, intercultural sensitivity, service orientation, self-presentation, social influence, conflict resolution and negotiation. Collaborative problem solving – establishing and maintaining shared understanding, taking appropriate action, establishing and maintaining team organisation. 	 Adaptability – ability and willingness to cope with the uncertain, handling work stress, adapting to different personalities, communication styles and cultures, and physical adaptability to various indoor and outdoor work environments. Self-management and self-development – ability to work remotely in virtual teams, work autonomously, be self-motivating and self-monitoring, willing and able to acquire new information and skills related to work. 	
Careers	Understand how Scientists and Doctors use scientific knowledge about the effects of diet, including obesity indicators, body mass index and waist-to-hip ratio, exercise and smoking to reduce their risk of coronary heart disease.	Scientists involved in stem cell research	Understand the development of drug testing from historic to contemporary protocols, including William Withering's digitalis soup, double blind trials, placebo, three-phased testing. How zoos and seed banks are used in the conservation of endangered species and their genetic diversity, including scientific research, captive breeding programmes, reintroduction programmes and education.	
Assessment opportunities	 Assessed through CPAC, Homework, AP points End of Topic mini-tests AfL in lessons DO now activities that assess knowledge recall Extended writing DIRT tasks 	 Assessed through CPAC, Homework, AP points End of Topic mini-tests AfL in lessons DO now activities that assess knowledge recall Extended writing DIRT tasks 	 Assessed through CPAC, Homework, AP points End of Topic mini-tests AfL in lessons DO now activities that assess knowledge recall Extended writing DIRT tasks 	
Differentiation for MA and LA	 Individual feedback provided for stude Individual DIRT tasks using GAP analysis A01 type questions for LA A03 type questions for MA In class support for students who are La 	S		

	•	Work books given to LA students
	•	Use command words to set differentiated questions for the class
	•	Set homework which is varied in difficulty so all students can be challenged.